

- 4 Minato, H and Horibe, I (1968) *J Chem Soc* 2131
- 5 Bohlmann, F, Mahanta, P K, Jakupovic, J, Rastogi, R C and Natsu, A A (1978) *Phytochemistry* **17**, 1165
- 6 Ciccio, J F, Castro, V H and Calzada, J G (1979) *Rev Latinoam Quim* **10**, 134
- 7 Herz, W and Kumar, N (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 93
- 8 Ortega, A and Romo de Vivar, A (1970) *Rev Latinoam Quim* **1**, 81
- 9 Holub, M and Samek, Z (1977) *Collect Czech Chem Commun* 1053
- 10 Bohlmann, F and Dutta, L N (1979) *Phytochemistry* **18**, 676
- 11 Ohno, N and Mabry, T J (1980) *Phytochemistry* **19**, 609
- 12 Herz, W and Kumar, N (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 99
- 13 Herz, W and Kumar, N (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 1339
- 14 Spring, A, Albert, K and Gradman, W (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 1883
- 15 Ohno, N, Gershenzon, J, Neumann, P and Mabry, T J (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 2393
- 16 Pal, R, Kulshreshta, D K and Rastogi, R P (1977) *Indian J Chem Sect B* **15**, 208
- 17 Baruah, N C, Sharma, A P, Madhusudanan, K P, Thyagarajan, K P, Herz, W and Masari, R (1979) *J Org Chem* **44**, 1831
- 18 Bohlmann, F, Ziesche, J, Robinson, H and King, R M (1981) *Phytochemistry* **20**, 267
- 19 Romo de Vivar, A, Guerrero, C, Diaz, E, Bratoeff, E A and Jimenez, L (1976) *Phytochemistry* **15**, 525
- 20 Guerrero, C, Santana, M and Romo, J (1976) *Rev Latinoam Quim* **7**, 41
- 21 Ortega, A, Lara, R, Martinez, R and Diaz, E (1980) *Phytochemistry* **19**, 1545
- 22 Romo de Vivar, A, Bratoeff, E A, Ontiveros, E, Lankim, D and Bhacca, N S (1980) *Phytochemistry* **19**, 1795
- 23 Baruah, N C, Sharma, R P, Madhusudanan, K P, Thyagarajan, G, Herz, W and Murari, R (1979) *J Org Chem* **44**, 5007
- 24 Bohlmann, F, Burkhardt, T and Zdero, C (1973) *Naturally Occurring Acetylenes* Academic Press, New York
- 25 Bohlmann, F and Jakupovic, J (1978) *Phytochemistry* **17**, 1677
- 26 Gonzalez, A G, Bermejo, J, Massanet, G M, Amaro, J M and Dominguez, B (1976) *Phytochemistry* **15**, 991
- 27 Ohno, N, Mabry, T J, Zabel, V and Watson, W H (1979) *Phytochemistry* **18**, 1687
- 28 Pyrek, J St (1970) *Tetrahedron* **26**, 5029
- 29 Stipanovic, R D, O'Brien, D H, Rogers, C E and Thomson, T E (1979) *J Agric Food Chem* **27**, 458
- 30 Bohlmann, F and Zdero, C (1977) *Phytochemistry* **16**, 776
- 31 Bohlmann, F, Zdero, C and Mahanta, P K (1977) *Phytochemistry* **16**, 1073

*Phytochemistry*, Vol 22, No 5, pp 1290–1291, 1983  
Printed in Great Britain

0031-9422/83/051290-02\$03.00/0  
© 1983 Pergamon Press Ltd

## TWO EUDESMANOLIDES FROM *SONCHUS MACROCARPUS*\*

ZEINAB MAHMOUD, SAWSAN EL-MASRY, MASOUDA AMER, JURGEN ZIESCHE† and FERDINAND BOHLMANN†

College of Pharmacy, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt, †Institute for Organic Chemistry, Technical University of Berlin, D-1000 Berlin 12, West Germany

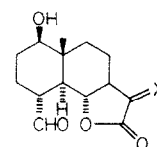
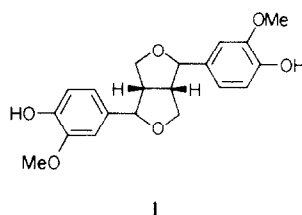
(Received 11 October 1982)

**Key Word Index**—*Sonchus macrocarpus*, Compositae, sesquiterpene lactones, eudesmanolides

**Abstract**—The aerial parts of *Sonchus macrocarpus* afforded, in addition to known triterpenes, two new eudesmanolides

*Sonchus macrocarpus* Boulos et Jeffrey so far has not been investigated chemically. The aerial parts afforded lupeyl acetate and its  $\Delta^{12}$  isomer,  $\beta$ -amyrin and its acetate, lupeol, sitosterol and its glucoside, pinoresinol (**1**) and two sesquiterpene lactones, molecular formulae  $C_{15}H_{20}O_4$  and  $C_{15}H_{22}O_4$ , which could not be separated. The  $^1H$  NMR spectral data (Table 1), especially in deuteriobenzene, showed that the eudesmanolides **2** and **3** were present. The main compound, **2**, was obviously a methylene lactone because of the typical lowfield doublets

at  $\delta$  5.97 and 4.83. Spin decoupling, starting with these two signals, allowed the assignment of all other signals. The presence of an aldehyde group at C-4 could be deduced from the doublet at 9.51 which was slightly shifted in the spectrum of **3**. The stereochemistry followed from the couplings observed. Though the signals of the minor



**2** X = CH<sub>2</sub>  
**3** X =  $\alpha$ -Me, H

\*Part 480 in the series "Naturally Occurring Terpene Derivatives" For Part 479 see Bohlmann, F, Ates (Goren), N, King, R M and Robinson, H (1983) *Phytochemistry* **22** (in press).

Table 1  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectral data of compounds 2 and 3 (400 MHz, TMS as internal standard)

	2 ( $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )	$\text{CDCl}_3$	3 ( $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )
H-1	2.71 ddd	3.48 dd	2.71 ddd
H-2	1.13 dddd	—	—
H-2'	1.30 m	—	—
H-3		—	—
H-3'	1.10 m	—	—
H-4	2.04 dddd	2.51 m	2.08 ddd
H-5	1.09 dd	1.83 dd	1.10 dd
H-6	3.06 dd	3.87 dd	3.05 dd
H-7	1.69 m	2.51 m	—
H-8	1.30 m	—	—
H-8'	0.87 dddd	1.54 dddd	—
H-9	1.69 m	—	—
H-9'	0.62 ddd	1.31 ddd	—
H-11	—	—	1.57 dq
H-13	5.97 d	6.08 d	0.99 d
H-13'	4.83 d	5.42 d	—
H-14	0.42 s	0.96 s	0.51 s
H-15	0.51 d	9.65 d	9.47 d
OH	0.69 d	—	—

$J$  (Hz): 1, 2 = 4.5; 1, 2' = 11, 2, 2' = 14; 2, 3 = 3.5; 2, 2' = 2, 3' = 14, 3, 4 = 4; 3', 4 = 12; 4, 15 = 3.5; 5, 6 = 6, 7 = 11; 7, 8 = 13, 7, 13 = 3.5; 7, 13' = 3; 8, 8' = 14; 8', 9 = 3.5, 8', 9' = 13, 9, 9' = 14; compound 3 7, 11 = 12, 11, 13 = 7.

lactone 3 could be assigned only in part, the most important ones were visible and they allowed the assignment of the structure and the stereochemistry. As  $J_{7,11}$  was 12 Hz the Me-11 group was  $\alpha$ -orientated. Compound 2 we have named sonchucarpolide.

The chemistry of the genus *Sonchus*, which is placed in the tribe Lactuceae in the subtribe Crepidinae [1] or in a separate *Sonchus* group [2], still does not give any clear indications concerning relationships to other groups. Eudesmanolides are reported from two *Sonchus* species [3, 4], but the guaianolide jacquelinin was also isolated [5]. Several triterpenes and sterols of different

types have been reported too [6, 7] as well as flavones [8] and some coumarins [8]. However, many more investigations are necessary to get a more distinct picture of the chemotaxonomy of this group and the whole tribe.

#### EXPERIMENTAL

The air-dried aerial parts (3.5 kg), collected near Alexandria, Egypt, were extracted with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ -petrol (2:1) and the resulting extract was separated by CC (Si gel) and further by repeated TLC (Si gel). Known compounds were identified by comparing with authentic material of mp, IR and  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra. Finally, 1.2 g lupeol, 1 g of its acetate, 0.2 g of its  $\Delta^{12}$ -isomer, 0.4 g  $\beta$ -amyrin, 0.1 g of its acetate, 0.2 g sitosterol, 0.1 g of its glucoside, 10 mg 1, ca 8 mg 2 and 2 mg 3 (not separated) were obtained.

*Sonchucarpolide* (2) and 11 $\beta$ ,13-dihydrosonchucarpolide (3) Colourless gum, IR  $\nu_{\text{max}}^{\text{CHCl}_3}$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3600 (OH), 1780 ( $\gamma$ -lactone), 2740, 1730 (CHO), MS  $m/z$  (rel. int.): 266.151 and 264.136  $[\text{M}]^+$  (2) ( $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4$  and  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4$ ), 149 (59), 69 (88), 55 (100).

$$[\alpha]_{24}^{25} = \frac{589 \quad 578 \quad 546 \quad 436 \text{ nm}}{-3 \quad -3 \quad -4 \quad -15} (\text{CHCl}_3; c 0.3).$$

**Acknowledgement**—We thank Professor Boulos, Department of Botany, University of Cairo, for identification of the plant material.

#### REFERENCES

1. Stebbins, G. L., Jr. (1953) *Madrono* **12**, 65.
2. Jeffrey, C. (1977) *Kew Bull.* **18**, 427.
3. Bermejo, J., Breton, J. L., Gonzales, A. G. and Villar del Fresno, A. (1968) *Analyt. Quim.* **64**, 893.
4. Bermejo, J., Breton, J. L., Fajaro, M. and Gonzales, A. G. (1968) *Analyt. Quim.* **64**, 183.
5. Bermejo, J., Breton, J. L. and Gonzales, A. G. (1966) *J. Chem. Soc.* 1298.
6. Gonzales, A. G. and Rodriguez de Leon, A. (1963) *Analyt. Quim.* **61**, 615.
7. Vedanthan, T., Subramaniam, S. S. and Bhattacharya, T. (1978) *Indian J. Pharm. Sci.* **40**, 209.
8. Bramwell, D. and Dakshini, K. M. M. (1971) *Phytochemistry* **10**, 2245.